



THE LONDON SCHOOL  
OF ECONOMICS AND  
POLITICAL SCIENCE ■

Summer 2015 examination

# PHXXX

## Philosophy of Science

MOCK EXAM – For Student Preparation Only

### Instructions to candidates

This paper contains three sections, each weighted equally. Section A contains ten short-answer questions. Answer all of them. Section B contains essay questions from Weeks 1-10. Answer one of them. Section C consists of essay questions from Weeks 11-20. Answer one of them.

**Time Allowed**                    *3 hours*

**Calculators:**                    *Calculators are not allowed in this examination*

**SECTION A - Short Answer Questions. Answer all 10 questions from this section.**

- 1 What was the scientific revolution?
- 2 What is the significance of an 'anomaly' in the Kuhnian picture of theory change?
- 3 Explain the role of positive and negative heuristics in Lakatos' Scientific Research Programmes.
- 4 What is structural realism in the context of the Scientific Realism debate?
- 5 How does the Best Systems view of laws distinguish a law of nature from a mere regularity?
- 6 What is Cartwright's argument against Wild-to-Laboratory (crosswise) reduction?
- 7 Why does Wigner say that the effectiveness of mathematics in science is 'unreasonable'?
- 8 What is the Causal Mechanistic model of explanation?
- 9 Describe McMahan's time-symmetry test for understanding the occurrence of death and illustrate its application with an example.
- 10 Explain the 'massive modularity' hypothesis as it has been proposed in evolutionary psychology.

**SECTION B - Essay Questions (Weeks 1-10): Answer one question from this section.**

- 1 Evaluate the major criticisms of logical empiricism.
- 2 Is the syntactic view of theories plausible?
- 3 Is modern science the product of a Kuhnian revolution?
- 4 Are our best scientific theories approximately true?
- 5 Which idealisations (if any) are illegitimate?
- 6 Which phenomena (if any) are governed by laws of nature?
- 7 Are all laws of nature reducible to fundamental laws?
- 8 Can probability be identified with the relative frequencies of actual occurrences?

**SECTION C - Essay Questions (Weeks 11-20): Answer one question from this section.**

- 1 What are the characteristics of good inductive reasoning?
- 2 How does science explain?
- 3 How does science provide effective representations of the world?
- 4 Evaluate causal fundamentalism.

- 5 In what sense (if any) does a theory of physics require interpretation?
- 6 What is an appropriate definition of life?
- 7 What is an appropriate definition of death?
- 8 Is evolutionary psychology a plausible way to understand human psychology?